NEW YORK HERALD, THURSDAY, JANUARY 3L 1861.

SPACES OF RELAX SECURE.

the same same and the same same same same same

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Our Springfield Correspondence.

The President Elect and the Compromise Propositions— Another Pennsylvania Delegation—Cameron's Prospects— Chase—Colfaz—Welles—George Figg—Jas. F. O. Pul-

The political town talk is now turning about the effort certain parties are making to entangle Mr. Lincoin in the controversy likely to distract Congress during the remainder of the session, upon the various compromate propositions now awaiting action in both houses. It is known that Mr. Lincoin has been plied for several days st vigorously, not only with written representation

ninent Eastern republicans of conservative pre ilections, but also with the verbal appeals of many of ance in this latitude. But as yet no signs of wavering or irresolution have become manifest. He evidently holds his ground as firmly at the present mo-ment as he did ten weeks ago. Now as then, he gives it to be understood that he was elected on the antislavery extension issue; that he will profess and practise the faith whose followers elevated him to the Presidency, until he becomes convinced of its fallacy, not by threat-treason and rebellion, but his own sense of justice, and that he will hold himself altegether aloof from attempts to intermeddle with the strife of Congressional factions and the troubles of the present administration, until he

It is true he takes no pa us to conceal his views on the compromise prescriptions, compounded by the Congressional doctors at Washington. Any caller, seeking him under the egis of a proper introduction, can elicit them by a few pertinent questions. But Mr. Lincoln will al-ways tell the questioner that he expresses, on such occasions, the opinion of a private individual, and not that of the President of the United States. The strictures embodied in his replies upon the justness and practicability of the said suggestions as to the best mode of settling the present political difficulties will at once convince that as yet nothing has been brought forward that coincides with his hopes and wishes, and that he is not disposed, in the face of Southern lawlessness, to relish anything smacking of renunciation and humiliation.

ce seekers has sent another storming party into the trenches that have been opened under his guidance The assault is made this time by H. G. Smith, O. H. P. Parker, P. Ford and Charles Adams, all of the City of Brotherly Love and corrupt politicians. They came armed with unanimous resolutions of certain republican associa-tions of Philadelphia, recommending Cameron for the Cabinet. The fact that this endorsement might have been sent under the auspices of Uncle Sam just as expeditious warrants that the resolutions were merely the pretext, and the Philadelphia federal offices the true ob-jects, of their journey. But whatever the real motives of their pilgrimage may have been, it is certain that Abraham Lincoln did not give them any encouragement to realize any place hunt-ing intentions, but contented himself with granting a short interview, in the presence of others, for the deli-

very of the resolutions only.

The anti-Cameron feeling hereabouts has been greatly strengthened by his late somewhat mystical acceptance of the compromise ideas of his democratic colleague. That his Cabinet prespects are not improved by this unexpected exhibition of backsliding, and that the President slect most decidedly disapproves of Bigler's plan, are ab-solutely certain. What, then, did Cameron mean by placing himself in antagonism to the administration of which he desires to become a member, by the advocacy of a policy that will never be adopted by it? Many construe this strange movement on his part into a demon stration of the spitefulness he already expresses in consequence of the tardiness of the President elect in issuing is commission to the Cabinet.

It may now be considered definitely settled that Mr.

Chase will not go into the Cabinet, and that hence the Buckeye State will remain unrepresented among Mr. Lin-

chalf during the last week, by dint of Congressional, electoral and legislative certificates of character and fit-ness. But it is altogether improbable that he will se-cure the prize for which he is contending. The recollecthe Chicago Convention, is still rankling in certain minds,

and likely to prevail over all other considerations.

Welles, of Connecticut, the aspirant to the same place on which Colfax has his eyes, has been most frequently mentioned by the public prints, and yet I know that he master Generalship, or any other position in the

George G. Fogg, the well known New Hampshire politician, and Secretary of the National Republican Commit-tee, has paid a second visit to the President elect in the course of to-day. He came to inform Mr. Lincoln of the course of to-usy. He came to inform Mr. Lincoln of the True feeling prevailing among the republicans of New England and New York, and to impart any amount of backbone needed. Mr. Fogg is decidedly opposed to com-promises and concessions, and thinks that all peace offerings will be spurned by the rebellious States. Some say that he improved his opportunity, and slipped a number of recommendations for office into Abraham's pocket. But I am inclined to doubt this George G. knows better.

Mr. Jss. O. Putnam, the well known republican leader of your State, has been here during the last twenty-four hours. The only thing that has thus far transpired in reference to the object of his mission is that he brought to the President elect occupied some three hours this morning. They are supposed to contain partly the opi-nions of eminent Eastern men on the causes and remedies of the national crists, and suggestions as to Cabinet and

other appointments.

Mr. Oscanyan, the popular lecturer, visited Springfield Lincoln, and was received with marked courtesy. He emphatically disclaims all aspirations to office.

Hubbetl, Buffalo; E. S. Massey, Watertown, N. Y.; J. M. Anderson, H. Wallette and C. B. Robbins, of St. Louis; J. H. Terrill, Kentucky, and Col. W. Jameson, O. P. Gilham, R. A. Herr and R. L. Cobbs, of Ohio.

SPHINGERED, IlL., Jan. 30, 1361. Judge Petit, of Kansas, arrived last night. He is on his way to Washington to look after his chances for the long interview with Mr. Lincoln, whose endorsement he is anxious to obtain, with a view to his confirmation by the Senate. He started east this morning in the train which Mr. Lingoln took for his two days' visit to his step

sorely chagrined at the departure of the President. Among them are Mark W. Delahay, of Kansas; General Larimer, of Denver City, and J. P. Usher, of Indiana

who is after a Marshalship. Judge Bates is here on professional busine

The Mails per the Bohemian. Hoston, January 30-9 P. M.
The train how due here from Portland, with the mails per the Behemian, is detained by snow, consequently they cannot be forwarded to New York until to morrow morn-

ing.

The trains from the south are also behind time.

News from Havana.

New Onizina, Jan. 30, 1861.

The steamship De Soto, from Havana 27th, has arrived.

The sugar market at Havana was duit and tending

downward.

The now crop was coming in. The total stock of sugar in port was \$5,000 boxes, against 22,000 last year. The money market was tight. Freights had slightly declined. Exchange was noming.

auge was nominal. manish Bunk had been authorized to issue an ad-

IMPORTANT FROM ALBANY

AMERICAN TO STATE

Republicans Modifying their Speeches— The Present Position of the Senatorial The Committee on the Virginia Resolutions Decided to Send Five Commissioners-Crittenden's Amendments in

Senate—The State Convention, &c.
ALBLAY, Jan. 30, 1861.
The lower House had another turn at saving the Union iast night, or a lengthy debate on Robinson's resolutions. The republicans having been smoked out of their caucus arrangement, a free discussion took place on all sides. The galleries were crowded to overflowing, and it was with great difficulty that the Speaker could prevent them from applauding at the expression of Union and concilia-tory sentiments from the speakers. They could be kept quiet only with threats of clearing the galleries, and even then, frequent stilled demonstrations were apparent.

Mr. Ball (rep.) opened the debate, taking strong grounds for conclination, declaring that cries of backing down from the Chicago platform, abandoning principles, ying down to be trampled upon, rising up to be despised, had no terrors for him, and that while he was ready to give his hearty support to every measure calpunish treason, he was neither afraid nor ashamed to raise his voice in favor of conciliation and compromise; but, on the other hand, he should feel humiliated and condemned if, in this crisis of the nations peril, he should refuse to yield something of party pride and give up some of the anticipated fruits of victory to restore peace to the country and avert the horrors of civil war, for they may have taken the fearful plunge as to hold back the North and South when they shall set their armies in battle array. The live question of the day is, upon what terms can peace be restored and the Union preserved? Senator Seward had said, in his recent speech, that all parties are subservient to the Union. Would to God that noble sentiment had been inscribed upon the Chicago platform. There should be a friend ly feeling cultivated between the North and the South; and if public sentiment is wrong it should be enlightened and corrected. If State legislation has overleaped the barriers of the constitution and usurped national authority, it should retire within its legitimate boundaries and repeal every law that conflicts with the letter or spirit of the federal constitution. And it is the duty of New York to lead off in this good work; place herself squarely and immovably upon the constitution and perform all her federal and inter-State obligations with that hearty good will that characterizes a labor of love. Then might she say to the troubled waters, "Peace, still." He paid a feeling onlogy upon our country, and appealed to his republican colleagues to take a stand that would assist Union men everywhere in resisting the waves of passion and secession and preserve for future generations the glorious boon left us by our forefathers. His speech was a strong one, and quite a change from the one that has characterized a majority of the republican

orations on the floor of the House.

Mr. Angel, (rep.) of Allegany county, followed against tobinson's resolution attributing all the present evil to the vascillation and incompetency of the federal adminlieved that his administration would restore peace to the country. He had no faith in Congressional compromises. the evil, but the republican party would not, under any circumstances, consent to its further extension over a

Mr. Hutchius, (dem.) of New York, next spoke, and confessed that he had seen with surprise and horror the unwillingness of the dominant party in this house to do anything calculated to sottle the present distracted The democratic members on the floor of the House had from the first of the session manifested a willingness to cast aside all party considerations, and for measures calculated to restore peace to the country. But all had witnessed the manner in which the proposals of traly conservative and pathotic men in the republican and even the power of causes invoked to drive them from their position. He disapproved the action of a portion of the Southern States, and condemned the course of Yau-cy, Floyd, Keitt and their associates, and whilst he favored concession be wanted no man for a moment to sup-pose that he was in favor of secession. Upon the repub-lican party rested the responsibility of delivering the lican party rested the responsibility of delivering the country from its present peril. It might be an easy matter for the gentleman from Ulster, whose granneries were filled with the luxuriant harvests of the past seesen, to talk of war, but it was a different thing for those commercial men in the matropolis of the nation, whose storehouses were filled from cellar to garret with bales of goods, and no purchasers. It was another and more serious question with the thousands in the city of New York who are now out of employment, and were starving whilst the dominant party were stubboraly refusing to do any act to restore poace and presperity to the nation. Upon the Legislature of the State of New York rested in a great measure the great responsibility. The attitude that they may assume—the policy that they may pursue, the conciliatory spirit that they may exhibit, may decide the destiny not only of a State but of a nation. Let the republicans see that upon

boney that they may parse, the concinatory spirit that they may exhibit, may decide the destiny not only of a State but of a nation. Let the republicans see that upon their heads may not rest the responsibility and charge of having thr. ugh factiousness destroyed the most beautiful civil structure that was ever conceived by man. His speech was listened to with marked attention and splanded by the galleries. It is his first speech of the session, and exhibited much force and power.

Mr. Shull, (rep.,) opposed all resolutions; he could not see that the republicans had done anything groung. Mr. Elirdsall, (rep.,) spoke against the majority report of the concurities, and believed that all that could be granted in good faith was the repeal of the Personal Liberty bills, the due and right enforcement of the laws and fiving up to the letter and spirit of the constitution and its compromises. This much was due from both the North and South. The entire evils of the present time, in his opinion, arose from the fact that the constitution and the laws had not been enforced. Let that be done and no section could complain. He alluded feelingly to the horrors of civil war, and believed that something should be done to bring the country back to its original standard, and preserve for future generations the most noble structure that the sun ever shone upon. Yet-he did not think that Robinson's recolutions was the remedy to be applied. He was unwilling to grant anything but what would be lived up to in good faith by the North. That far and no farther would be go.

Mr. Prendergast (rep.) spoke at some length against the resolutions, but taking a more moderate course than on a former occasion. He believed that the resolutions would not allay the angry excitement, but announced himself for any propositions that would be statefactory to a majority of the citizens of the State and would not compromise the principles that were contended for at the last election.

Mr. Prendergast (precall of the present that and could not compromise th

on a former occasion. He believed that the resolutions would not alley the angry excitement, but announced himself for any propositions that would be attafactory to a majority of the citizens of the State and would not compromise the principles that were contended for at the last election.

Mr. Dwight (rep.) opposed the resolutions and did not believe they would settle the difficulty. The only compromise that would accomplish anything was to yield the South all that they asked. He had not discovered anything from Lincoin that contemplated any departure from the strict line of republican principles. It had also been said that the veteran editor of the Ecaning Journal had only to wave his wand over the Assembly and a majority of knees would bow, but if the wand was waved to encompass the passage of those resolutions it would be found to have lost its magic power.

Mr. Cozan, (dem.) closed the debate in a strong speech denouncing the glittering generalities of a portion of the republicans and their opposition to conciliation in the hour of peril, and appealed to the republicans to drop their abstractions, rise above the partism and act upon this question as becomes a State like New York. He besought them to remember that the Southern citizens with whom they would plunge into bloodshed, are the sons of those who stood by the sides of our fathers in the struggle for freedom, which had bestowed upon us this Union and all its blessings.

At the close of his speech the resolutions were made the special order for next Tuesday evening. There is no mistaking the fact that the republicans have mederated their tone, and talk less rabid than on former occasions. For some reason or other, they are dropping down from the position taken heretofor—it may be on account of the general impression that Lincoin will take a conservative course in his inaugural, and they are trimming their sails accordingly. There is but one expression uttered in conversation at the hotels, and that is that is the something must be done to strengthen t

needs fifty nine to nominate in a full caucus, it will therefore be seen that neither of the prominent candidates have enough at present to nominate them. There is a strong presente, especialy from the Senate upon Weed to get him to drop Powarts and take up some other assate. It is reported that there is a strong that would be the contest of the con

Several local bills were also read the third time and passed this morning, but none of any general public was portance. The bill to authorize Richmond county to raise forty-six thousand doltars on bonds, passed the Senate to-day, and now only awaits the signature of the Governor.

Senator Spinola attempted to get the Senate to consider, in the Committee of the Whole this morning, his bill to provide for submitting to the people the Crittenden amendments, but it was bitterly opposed in every parliamentary dodge by the republicans, who finally succeeded in referring it to the Committee on Federal Relations, but not until Mr. Spinola had succeeded in placing them two or three times on record in a way that will not place them in a very favor able light in the future. The republicans are determined to not let this proposition pass, and not wishing to put themselves on record directly voting against the proposition, which would be as much as saying that they had no confidence in the people who elected them. The controversy on that question is not yet ended in the Senate, and it is to be hoped that the republican Senators will yet be made to show their hand in a direct vote upon it.

The delegates to the State Convention are pouring in from every direction. The indications are that there will be a full attendance from all parts of the State. Another day will determine whether they will turn the Convention into a gaivantzing machine to polish up party hacks and relies of the past age, or treat-the live issues of the day in a way that will accomplish some good to the country at large. They may transact their business in a way that will end benedically; but if, on the other hand, they commence with their wangles between Tammany and Mogart there is no telling where they will end.

in a way that will end beneficially; but if, on the other hand, they commence with their wrangles between fammany and Mozart there is no telling where they will end. They are not going to have easy sailing.

The Committee on Contested Elections are pursuing a singular course in the Kinney and Hopp contested seats. The majority of the committee are taking a partisan course, and give preference to one side. They do not seem to be willing to give each a fair hearing.

Mr. Webster gave notice of a bill to authorize the Supervisors of the city of New York to purchase a site for the erection of a building for the accommodation of courts.

There was a hop at the Delavan last night, a sort of a

There was a nop at the Peavan last night, a sort of a close corporation. Several of the members boarding at the hotel were not invited to participate.

The delegates by the Convention and Senatorial figurers are pouring to the latter class are for Evarts. The like of the pressure upon the members for the candidate of the Regency was never seen before. Evarts is at Congress Eail, and, in connection with Robert T. Haws, is keeping open rooms.

open rooms.

Most of the State Central Committee are here working against Greeley, with Oakey Hall acting as sentinel. The latter is particularly severe in his denunciations of the Tribune philosopher. There is likewise a strong force

against Greeley, with Oakoy Hall acting as sentined. The latter is particularly severe in his denunciations of the Tribune philosopher. There is likewise a strong force for Greeley.

Hoxie left for New York to night, singing psalms, considering that Greeffy had a sure thing.

The joint committee on the Virginia resolutions were in session all the evening, and have agreed upon the main features of the basis of the appointment of Commissioners. They first resolve that the Commissioners shall not take their seats unless a majority of the non-slaveholding States are represented, and that while they send representatives they must not be considered as endorsing they must not be considered as endorsing the platform of the Virginia commission, or endorsing their grievances. Second, that they shall be subject to the recall of the Legislature at any time that they may see proper, and their action is only binding upon the approval of the Legislature. Third, that they shall not take their seats with States claiming to have seconded by passing ordinances of secession. The last was only adopted after a long contest, and it is now thought that it will be reconsidered at their meeting to-morrow. morning. Each member of the committee mind two morning. Each member of the committee mind are as follows:—William Curtis Noyes, David Dudley Field, James C. Smith, Sam. A. Poote, General Wool, Eraatus Corning, Greene C. Bronson, Horatio Seymour, Win A. Wheeler, Judge James, James Wadsworth, James O. Putaam, Henry R. Selden, W. C. Bryant, Hrasfford R. Wood, Jho. H. Reynolds.

Out of that list the five will be selected, and will be sent with no instructions, except as above, as to what they shall do, inaving it entirely to their judgment.

The delegates to the Democratic Convention are on hand in large numbers. There is already a warm fight over the two New York delegations. The country members are generally in favor of admitting both, and this is making the Fammany leaders particularly savage. The temporary Chairman of the Convention wi

mittee on Resolutions.

The Committee on the Virginia resolutions have just closed their seasion. They determined to make the commission consist of nine members—five republicans, three democrate and one independent. The following are the names out of which the selection is to be made at ten c'clock to-morrow—W. Certis Noyes, John H. Reynolds, D. D. Field, Bradroff R. Woods, James C. Smith, Erastus Corning, Wm. C. Bryant, Samuel A. Foote, Henry R. Selece, Greene C. Bronson.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

ALBANY, Jan. 30, 1861. Mr. Munnor reported favorably the bill to incorporate the Peoples' Eavings Bank, New York.

Mr. Broop introduced a bill to incorporate the Nationa

Horse Slow Association.

Mr. Manusus brought in a bill to amend the act to incorporate the society for the relief of poor widows with

The bill to authorize Richmond county to pay the Quarantine damages was passed.

Mr. Kerenam moved that the Prison Committees of

both houses, as a joint committee, have power to investigate the alleged abuses in prison discipline. Laid over mider the rule.

Mr. J. McLoss Museur moved that the Counsel to the Corporation of the city of New York be directed to report to the forate, at a carly day, the name of persons employed as commissioners and clerks in opening streets in

that city, a ce January 1, 1860, with the amount of compensation p. id.

Mr. Spinota mo, "ed to take from the table the bill to submit to the peops," the Crittenden proposition for the settlement of our man ornal difficulties, and moved its reference to the Committee of the Whole on Friday.

Mr. Hannons opposed the resolution, and urgod its reference to the Committee on Federal Relations.

A warm debate ensued, during which Mr. Spinola charged that there was a desire existing to strangle the proposition to submit the Crittenden measure to the poople, and that the object of Senator Hammond and those acting with bim in the republican party was to do nothing that could tend to stop civil war, and thus destroy the Union forever.

The motion to make the bill the special order for Friday was tost by year 10, hays 15. Messrs. Manierre and Robertson, republicans, voted with the democrate in the affirmative on this motion. The motion to refer to the Committee on Federal Relations, without instructions, was passed by 15 to 8.

The bill to provide arms and equipments for the State was taken up and debated by Mr. Cotvis, but progress was reported without any vote being taken.

Assembly.

ALBANY, Jan. 30, 1861.
In the Assembly a petition was presented by Mr. Kan.
San for the revival of the law allowing Southern citizens to sojourn temperarily in New York with slaves. The bills to increase the salary of the Deputy County Clerk in New York; to allow the Croton Aqueduct Depart ment to make repairs to works otherwise than by con trace, and to amend the act for the preservation of moose deer, hirds and fish were reported favorably.

deer, Airds and fish were reported favorably.

Mr. Warson brought in a bill to authorize the settlement of claims of lessees of the surplus waters in the canal at Lockport by paying said lessees one-half of the apprinced amount of damages.

Among the bills noticed was one by Mr. Landrecar, to incorporate the New York to Company.

By Mr. Warserse—To empower the Supervisors of New York to purchase a site and erect court house buildings. By Mr. Andre—To protect and proserve the freedom of speech in public discussion in this State.

By Mr. Andre—To incorporate the New York Passenger and Baggage Express Company.

By Mr. Kishan—Authorizing the incorporation of the Juvenile Reformatory Asylums.

By Mr. Nissun—To open and improve Grand street, Brocklyn.

My. L. C. Andrews—To divide the Eleventh ward, Brocklyn, and create a new ward; to incorporate Bellavus Hospital, New York.

By Mr. Petiterox—To authorize resident aliens in the State to hold and convey real estate.

By Mr. Johnson—To empel the more prompt payment of the State tax to the State Treasurer by County Treaurers.

The Trial of Jackslow

The defence closed in the Jackalow are to day.

Mr. Dutcher, on the part of the government, commence of the summing up. After reciting the various counts in the indletment he argued the various points in the iaw in the case. Fe appealed to the jury, and insisted that the charge of robbery sgainst Jackalow had been made out of the evidence.

charge of robbery against Jackaiow had been made out of
the evidence.

Mr. Grandin' followed on the part of the defence. He
stated that Jackaiow could not be convicted on any of the
counts of the indictment; that the government had failed
to prove that he committed the robbery, or to locate the
place where it was committed. He alloged that to constitute a robbery it must be made out that it was from
the person and against their consent. He continued, that
the prisoner had also been on the best of terms with the
family of Capt. Lette, and that he was not the style of a
man to commit such a deed—far below the general grade
of men of his own country.

He had not concluded when the Court adjourned.

Mr. Vorheeg will follow Mr. Grandin, and Col Cannon
will have the closing argument.

Death of a Telegraph Operator.

Washington, Jan. 30, 1861.

Mr. James Mitchell, of this city, and long connected with the Southern and American Telegraph Company's lines at different points, died here this morning, aftee a brief iliness of typhoid fever. Mr. Mitchell was an accurate and accomplished operator, and enjoyed in the higaest degree the confidence and respect of his employers. Among his brother operators and those of the profession with whom his duties brought him into daily intercourse, he was greatly beloved and esteemed for his amiable and gentlemanly deportment, and by them his loss is most sincerely deplored. He also leaves a young and interesting family in the deepest affliction at their sad bereavement.

Southern Ocean Steamer Movements.
Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 30, 1861.
The screw steamship North Carolina arrived hence the aorning.

Conviction of a Wardens, Jan. 30, 1861.
Young Armstrong, charged with the marder of Crawford, was convicted of murder in the first degree. News from the Rio Grande. New Orleans, Jan. 30, 1861. The steamer Arizona, from Brazos, is coming up, wi \$243,000 in specie on board.

The United States mail steamship Augusta arrived Tybee at four, and at her wharf here at eleven o'clor Tuesday night. All well. Southern Ocean Steamer Movements

Markets.

Markets.

PHILADRIPHIA STOCK BOARD.

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PHILADRIPHIA, Jan. 30, 1561.

Stocks dull. Pennsylvania State 5's, 90%; Reading Railroad, 22%; Morris Canal, 50%; Long Ishand Railroad, 10; Pennsylvania Railroad, 37%. Sight exchange on New York at par a 3% per cent premium.

New ORKANS, Jan. 30, 1861.

Cotton firm: sales to day, 18,000 bales, at 11c. a 11%c, for middling. Sugar steady, at 4%c. a 5%c. for fair to fully fair. Molasses, 23c. a 25c. Pork very dull: mess, \$19 50. Exchange on London, 104% a 106. Sight exchange on New York at par a % per cent discount. Freights—Cotton to Liverpool, 1d., and to Havre, 2c.

Momus, Jan. 29, 1861.

Cotton—Sales to day 5,500 bales, at 10% a 11c. for midding; sales of three days 9,500 bales. Storling or change 104% a 105% a 105.

Harmone, Jan. 30, 1861.

Flour dull: Howard street and Ohio 25, 274. Baltimons, Jan. 30, 1861.

Flour dull: Howard street and Ohio, \$5 37½. City Mills, \$5 25; no sales. Wheat closed generally with an advancing tendency: red at \$1 30 a \$1 35; white, \$1 45 a \$1 65. Corn firmer; yellow, 61c, a 65c.; white, 70c. a 73c. Provisions steady. Mess perk \$18 25. Lard 10½c. Coffee steady at 11½c. a 12½c. Whiskey steady at 18c. a

PRILADELPITA, Jan. 30, 1861.

Flour dull at \$5 25 for superfine. Wheat firm: sales 3,000 toeshels red, at \$1 25 a \$1 30; white, \$1 35 a \$1 45. Corn—Yellow declined 2c., at 70c. Coffee—Rio, 12½c. a 13½c. Provisions closed with an advancing tendency mess pork, \$18 50. Whiskey dull at 17½c. a 18c.

Cincinnar, at \$4 50 a \$4 60. Whiskey firm, at \$4.50 a \$60. Bulk meats active: sales, 1,500,000 pounds, at 65.50 for shoulders and \$5.50 for shoulders

NEW YORK ACADEMY OF MUSIC-DEBUT OF SIGNORINA Elexa.—To night we are promised a now sensation in the debut of this young artist. Her performance at the re-hearsal of the "Lucrezia" yesterday is said to have been in the highest degree satisfactory. Her voice is described as one of great purity, volume and extension, the re-markably sympathetic quality of which is most perfectly appreciated in the canto Spianato. In person she is tall, finely formed, and exceedingly handsome, reminding one of Grisi in her paimy days. Her method is irreproachable, as might be expected in a favorite pupil of Emanuel Garcia and a protege of Rossini, who guided her by his invaluable counsels. She has sung with great success in most of the theatres in Italy, and comes to us with a reputation enhanced by her triumphs in Brazil

CORRECTION.—Captain Whiting desires us to state that he did not command, but was a volunteer officer in the expedition which rescued Dr. Kane. He will repeat, by in-Polytechnic Institute, on Saturday evening next.

FIRE IN LAURENS STREET .- Between one and two o'clock on Wednesday morning a fire broke out in the grocery and liquor store of John Hutoff, 183 Laurens street. The damage to the stock and furniture will amount to about \$500. Insured for \$1,000 on steck and \$100 on furniture in the New Amsterdam insurance Company. The building is owned by Mr. Eno. It is damaged about \$300. Insured.

Arrivals and Departures.

APPIVALS ANG DEPARTMENT OF SAVANNAH—Steamship Sate of Georgia—J W Wier, J T Scitzer, P McCue. It H Smith, Jos Neber, J C King—and I6 in the steerage.

SAVANNAH—Steamship Hunisville—Mrs L Willox, Mrs A A Wilcox, Miss C Wilcox, Mrs P Curtis, II L Miller, F E Humphreys, F C Ripley, Jno Jackson, Chas Brown, Frank Brown, Capt E Johns, 1ady, two children and servant.

Capt E Johns, iady, two children and servant.

Liverpool.—Steamship Asia.—James C Heyworth, Chicago, Bl. Lieut, Col. Francis, First W I regiment; Thos Kay, Montreal; Henry Rogers, Wolverbampton; Miss Paion, England; Mrs Eltra Banlay, Norwich, Eng.; John Henry Backhouse, do; Wro L Lean, do; Mr and Mrs Jas S Taylor, Eng. Mr and Mrs As Forwood, Liverpool; Fred St G Smith, Eng. J F Berry, N Y Samuel Kennedy, N Y, Benjamin s Hilton, do; W B Lary, de; A P D Gifford, Middethian, va. Geo D Hartis, Nassau, N F. Jos Thorborn, Liverpool; B Packwood, N Y, Thus Walt, Sectiond; p Dodson, California; W J Gaiwey, N Y, Dr John H Bertholf, do; Mrs E C Bailey, do; Dr and Mrs James Dean and servant, England; Capit Beran, do: E Ackwyd, do; Capit and Mrs Edward Johns, two children and servant, England.

Liverpool.—Steamship Canadian, from Portland—James

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUNIC.-The largest since the opening of the house was attracted last night to see Miss Hinkley in the "Trovatore." This was the more gratifying from the fact that Wednesday is the great church going night with the good people of Brook-iys. The opera went off splendidly—Miss linkley, as on the night of her first appearance, winning heaps of doral honors. Ferri was unfortunately indeposed, but his place was creditably supplied by Signer Morino. On 'Friday'' Martha'' will be produced in

Court Calendar-This Day.

SUPPREM COURT—Circuit.—Part 1—Over and Terminer. Fart 2—Nos. 187, 193, 290, 226, 310, 265, 267, 269, 275, 279, 281, 285, 812, 316, 318, 320 UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Criminal cases. Drawings of the Delaware State Lot-

teries.—WOOD, RDDY & CO., Managers of the
DELAWARE, RENTRICKY AND MISSOCH STATE LOTTERIES.
DELAWARE—EATER CLASS 101, Jan. 30, 1861.
75, 21, 14, 61, 32, 64, 24, 41, 56, 22, 70, 35, 30.
DELAWARE—EATER CLASS 102, Jan. 30, 1861.
52, 39, 46, 9, 18, 36, 23, 35, 49, 22, 2, 27, 77, 13.
Circulars sent free of charge by addressing either to
WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Delaware,
Or to WOOD, EDDY & CO., St. Louis, Missouri.

Drawings of R. France & Co.'s Dela-

Royal Havana Lottery.—Drawing Rocived for January 22, 1861. CHASE & CO., Bankers, 23 William street, N. Y.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, with important improvements, priors. Office 305 Broadway. The Ladd & Webster Sewing Machines

Moldavia Cream, for Preserving and beautiving the hair. Sold only at W. A. BATCHELOR'S newly invented Wig Factory, 16 Bond street.

Christadoro's Hair Dye-Wigs and Tou pees-The best in the world. Wholesale and retail. The Dy privately applied. No. 6 Astor House.

Trusses.—March & Co.'s Radical Cur-

CLES to Miss Pannis C. Alles, both of this city.

PERRY—BORINE—On Tuesday, January 29, by the Rev.

S. D. Burchard, P. D., at the residence of the bride's father, Rayenswood, L. I., Mr. James C. Perry, of Hertford, N. C., to Miss Augusta, youngest daughter of Mr. John Bodine.

RODMAN—EARL—On Tuesday, January 29, at the house of the bride's parents, Seventy-first street, by the Rev. P. Ward, William H. Rodman to Hannah M. Earl, all of this city.

Uister and Grange county papers please copy.

BLAKE.—At her residence, Coldenham, Orange county, N. Y., Sarah Van Dyck, relict of the late Robert Blake, in her 67th year.
Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Cornelius Bogert, No. 72 Second place, near Court street, Brooklyn, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

Bluown.—On Tuesday, January 29, ELLIN BROWN, aged 24 years and 10 days.
The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 229 Hudson street.

Street.

Chase.—At Jersey City, on These or coming, January 29, of inflavoratory croup, Class Louiss, only daughter of Chancellor W. and Caroline P. Chase, aged 4 years, 1

it two o'clock, from her this remains, ty fourth street.

McDorald — On Tucsday, January 29, of congestion of the brain, Capwaranes R., son of John and Phebe McDonald, aged 6 months and 25 days.

The friends and relatives of the familysare respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from 141 West Broadway, this (Thursday) aftermoon, at one o'clock

Ossour.—On Tuesday, Januar, 29, at his reasistance, No. 51 King street, Revers Joseph Osabes, in the 50 No year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the far. 4y are invited to attend his funeral this (Thursday) "ermoon, at two o'clock.

Philadelphia papers please copy.
Parkhurst—The funeral of Berlamin Parkhurst—will take place in Flatbush, L. L. this (Thursday) afters ag at one o'clock. Carriages in waiting at the Flatbush at one o'clock. Carriages in waiting at the Flatbush at one o'clock. Carriages in waiting at the Flatbush oars leave Fulton for yovery fifteen minutes.

Powers.—On Wednesday, January 30, at 11 o'clock, at No. 20 Cannon street, Matthew Powers, a mative of Carrickberg, county of Waterford, Ireland.

Particulars in to-morrow's papers.

Pricessey.—On Wednesday morning, January 30, after a short fillness, Leannes Brick, youngest son of Stophes.

R and Kate Emma Pinckney.

Funeral services at the residence of his parents, No. 72 East Fortieth street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

The remains will be interred at Greenwood.

Person.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, January 29, of congestion of the lungs, Washington Puthan.

Funeral from 25 Prolite street, Brooklyn, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

RED.—Suddenly, at his residence, No. 127 West Porty-fifth street, Captain Sauver, C. Rem, of congestion of the lungs, in the 77th year of his age.

His friends, and those of his sons. Samuel C., A. Bortrand, and Wm. J. Reid, and the officers of the United States navy and army, are particularly invited to attend the funeral services at Trinity Church, this Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock.

RES.—On Wednesday, January 30, Ludger Rest, in the 55th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, and the members of the United German and the German Brotherly Association, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his residence, No. 144 Eighth avenue, corner of Savanteasth street, on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock.

Their relatives and friends, of the family are respectively invit

her father, Henry Simpson, on Thursday, at one o'clock, at No. 78 West Seventeenth street, without further laytion.

SLATERY.—On Wednesday, January 30, Roland T., son of Janes and Honora Slattery, aged 3 years and 8 days. The funeral will take place this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 260 Monroe street.

Waycott.—On Wednesday, December 28, 1860, at 7a.p.s. Island of Cuba, Mrs. Rueme Waycott, wife of Capt. Alfred Waycott, of St. Andrews, N. B., aged 22 years. New Brunswick papers please copy.

Waym.—At Port Chester, on Fuesday, January 29, Jone W. Wayn, in the 50th year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence, Port Chester, on Friday merning, at ten o'clock.

Williamson.—In this city, on Taesday, January 29, James Williamson, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also those of his brother in-law, Alexander Burnet, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from 68 Jane street, without further invitation.

YATES.—After a brief illness, at the residence of J. Bu chanan Henry, No. 34 West Forty eighth street, John R. YATES, nephew of the President of the United States, agod 23 years.

AT EVERDELL'S OLD STORE, 302 BROADWAY.

A. at JONES', 10 and 12 Ann street, a new style, AT EVERDELL'S OLD STORE 302 BROADWAY.

AT WM. EVERDELL'S SONS-WEDDING CARDS AND Envelopes of the latest styles. 104 Fulton street, New York. Established 1815.

CHAPPED BANDS, FACE, LIPS, &C.
CERTAIN CURE AND PREVENTIVE.
HEGEMAN & CO. 8 Camphor Ice with Glycorine. If us as directed will keep the skin soft in the coldest weather,
Only 25 cents. Signt by mail for 30 cents.
HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists and Druggists,
161, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway.

CORNS, BUNIONS, INVERTED NAILS, ENLARGED Of Joints and all Diseases of the Feet cured, without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIR, Surgeon Chiropodus, 766 Broadway. Refers to physicians and surgeons of this city.

DEAFNESS.

BUNDREDS HAVE RHEN CURED

IN THE MOST OBSTINATE CASES
OF DEAFNESS.

By Dr. VON MOSCHEISKER,
107 Clinton place, between Fifth and Sixth aven PROSTED FERT AND CHILBLAINS.—DON'T FOR get to use BUSH'S Magic Cream Liniment. It is a certain remedy. Sold by all druggists. Depot 136 Greenwich street. Price 25 cents.

HOMES FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS GARDEN STATE OF THE WEST. The Illinois Central Railroad Company
RAYS FOR SALE
1,200,000 ACRES RICH FARMING LANDS. Ttracts of forty acres and upward,

LONG CREDIT AND AT LOW PRICES.

MECHANICS, FARMERS AND WORKING MEM.
The attention of the entryprising and industrious portion of the community is directed to the following statements as illustrations of the community is directed to the following statements as illustrations. The community is directed to the following statements as illustrations in the community of the community LONG CREDIT AND AT LOW PRICES.

of Illinois is about equal to that of England, and the soil is or rich that it will support twenty millions of people.

RASTERN AND SOUTHERN MARKETS.

These lands are contiguous to a railroad seven hundres miles in length, which connects with other roads and navigable takes and rivers, thus affording an unbroken communisation with the Essiers and Southern markets.

APPLICATION OF CAPITAL.

Thus for capital and laboff have been applied to developing the soil; the great resources of the State in coal and from art almost unbouched. The invariable rule that the mechanic art flourish best where food and fuel are changest, will follow a research control laws, and in the course of the next temperature and the second control of the case warrant to be left that at least five hundred thousand people will be eaged in the State of Illinois in the various manufacturing employments.

an early day in lilinois, and in the course of the next teas years the natural laws and necessities of the case warrant the belief that at least five hundred thousand people will be eaged in the State of Illinois in the various manufacturing employments.

Over \$100,000,000 of private capital have been expended enthe raliroad system of Illinois. Inasmuola as part of the income from several of these works, with a valuable public fund in lands, go to diminish the State capenaes, the teases are light, and must, consequently, every day decrease.

The State debt is only \$10,100,305 it, and, within the least three years, has been reduced \$2,000,746 \$0; and we may reasonably espect that in ten years it will become extinot.

PRESENT POPULATION.

The State is rapidly filling up with population; \$65,000 persons having been added since 1830, making the present population 1,779,495—a ratio of 1/2 per cent in ten years.

AGRICULTORAL PRODUCTS.

The agricultural products of Illinois are greater than those of any other State. The products sent out during the past year exceeded 1,500,000 lons. The wheat crop of 1800 approaches 20,000,000 bushels.

Solver exceeded 1,500,000 lons. The wheat crop of 1800 approaches 20,000,000 bushels.

Solver of his labor as upon these prairies soils, they being composed of a deep, rich loam, the furthity of which is unsurpassed by any on the globe.

TO ACTUAL CULTIVATORS.

Since 1854 the company have soid 1,300,000 boxes. They sell only to actual cultivators, and every contract contains an agreement to ceilivate. The road has been constructed through these lands at an expense of \$30,000,000. In 1800 the population of the forty-nine counties, the products of the support of schools. Their children can live in sight of the whole population of the forty-nine counties, the surpassed by the State, and endowed with a large revenue for the support of schools. Their children can live in sight of the leading state in the Great Western Empire.

PRICES AND TERRES IN ADVANCE,

at slip per cent per annum, and

J. W. FOSTER, LANDSCOMMISSIONER, ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILEDAD, For the names of the towns, villages and cities situates upon the Illinois Central Railroad, see pages 188, 189, 180 Appleton's Railway Guido.

PRESCOTT'S PRIZE ENVELOPES, CONTAINING
Papers, Envelopes and a fine piece of Jewelry, tor sale at
429 Broadway, room 7, up stairs.

STODART PLANOS, GUARR AND PIGGOLO.
The best manufactured.
Warerooms, 506 Broadway. THE GREAT CURATIVE.

STRUP. TRY IT. Sold by all druggists.

URRPUL AND ROONOMICAL.

IRGINAN & CO.'S Henzine, for the instant removal
of gream, such, see, so, and for cleaning givens,
silks, ribborous spaints, see, so, and for cleaning givens,
silks, ribborous spaints, see, so, and for cleaning givens,
silks, ribborous spaints, see, see, see, see, see,
solid by druggiest, only 25 cents per bettle. See that
you get the greatine article.

335. EMPIRE SEWING MACHINES. 3. The cheapest because the best in market, Salesroom No. 335 Broadway, New York.

10 000 PERSONS CORED

10 000 Of sore throats, mumps and eronp, by Dr.

HAS: Vrnettan Liniment. It never fauls if used according the directors. Only 50 cents. Sold by the drugge as a where. Lepot 96 Cortlandt street.

Twenty-four Photograph Likenesses, perfection of art, taken by HOLMES, 386 Broadway. A photograph of Uncle Sam settling the Hash for sale.

Steinway & Son's Overstrung Grand and square Pianos are now considered the best manufactured are warranted for five years. Warerooms 82 and 84 Walker

Batchelor's Hair Dye-Reliable, Harm street. Sold and applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond street.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 Cents-Black

Married.

CLARK—ALLEN.—On Monday evening, October 15, 1860, by the Rev. James O. Rogers, at his residence, Mr. EDWIN CLARK to Miss FARMS C. ALLEN, both of this city.

20. of inflavoratory vioup Craita LOURS, only daughter of Chancellor W. and Caroline P. Chase, aged 4 years, 1 menth and 1 day.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, corner of Sussox and Van Vorst streets, Jersey City, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice.

Cooperstown (N. Y.) papers please copy.

Chowley.—On Thesday, January 29, at the residence of her mether, No. 510 Fifth street, Catherian Chowley, in the 30th year of her age.

The frienis of the family, and those of her brother James, ard espectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

BUNLAR—On Tucaday evening, January 24, at Wechawen, N.J. of scariet fever, Mary Day, daughter of Charles W. and Caroline Dunlap, aged 2 years and 6 months.

DEMPATES—On Wednesday, January 30, at seven o'clock, of typhoid fever, Ann Marillas, the beloved wife of Win.

Dempster, Faq., late of Belfset, Ireland, in the 424 year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to

of typhoid lever, Ann Marilda, the beloved wife of Windempater, Eq., late of Delfact, Ireland, in the 424 year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from their residence in Park avenue, corner of Franklin avenue, Brooklyn, E. D., on Friday morning, at eleven o'clock.

Belfast papers please copy.

Dumpi.—On Wedneeday, January 30, thomas H. Dumm, the son of Henry and Anna Duhme, aged 2 years, 3 months and 8 days.

Iay him gently in the coffin,

Fold his arms across his breast;

For our darling he has left us,

And with Jesus gone to rest.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 221 Church street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock.

DENOVERS.—On Sunday, January 27, GEORGE EDMUND DESNOVERS, only son of the late Dr. Edmund George Desnovers, of Dotroit, Mich., in the 13th year of his age.

Detroit papers please copy.

DE GUERRE.—On Tuesday, January 29, Augustus Dz GUERRE.—On Tuesday, January 29, Augustus Dz GUERRE.—Un the friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from St. Thomas church, corner of Houston street and Broadway, on Friday afterneon, at two o'clock, without further notice.

DUNN.—On Wednerday, January 30, of consumption, John Dunn, of the parish of Monknewtown, county Meath, Ireland.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 263 West Hous-

DENN.—On Wednerday, January 30, of consumption, John Dunn, of the parish of Monknewtown, county Meath, Ireland.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 263 West Housdon tested, on Eriday afternoon, at one o'clock.

ELROES.—On Theoday, January 30, Levy Janu, only daughter of E. Stirling and Luny Elmore, aged 11 years, 9 monities and 24 days.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are savited to attend the funeral from 166 Hudson street, this (Thursday) morning, at eleven o'clock.

Fowner,—On Tuesday morning, January 29, Mrs. Wr.

M. Fowner, of congestion of the brain.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of her father, Henry Simpson, 78 West Seventeenth street.

FLARE.—At Staten Island, on Wednesday, January 30, Josephure A., daughter of John L. and Mary Ann Flake, aged 8 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of her father, attCliffon.

FRANCE.—At 292 West Thirty-first street, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Aux.—France.

The funeral will take place this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Guenar.—On Wednesday, January 30, Mina Geuster, wife of Samuel Geusler.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 169 West Thirteenth street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at

Geesler.—On Wednesday, January 30, Mina Geesler, wife of Samuel Geusler.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 169 West Thirteenth street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

Granns.—On Tuesday, January 29, Carrix, youngest daughter of William H. and Sarah L. Graves, aged 2 years and 11 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 5 Fleet place, Brocklyn, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Handon.—On Tuesday, January 29, Edward Handon, in the 72d year of his age.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, also the St. Mary's T. A. B. Society, from his late residence, No. 75 Suffolk street, this (Thursday) afternoon; at half-past one o'clock. His remains will be interred in Calvary Cometery.

KINEST.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, January 29, of congestion of the brain, James P. Kinsay, in the 34th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are recentable.

Kinner.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, January 29, of congestion of the brain, January F. Kinner, in the 34th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his sister, No. 134 Eldridge street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

Livingeron.—At Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on Wednesday, January 30, Hisnay Phillips Livingeron, son of the late Henry A. Livingston.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at three o'clock. McLaughin, agel 1 year, 5 months and 13 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parenta, No. 363, Oak street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock precisely. The remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

MYLENE.—On Wednesday morning, January 30, of consumption, Danner Delays Mykins, printer, aged 29 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 135 Crossby aftered, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, without further notice.

Monax—On Tuesday, January 29, Margarer Monax, in the 35th year of hor age.

The friends and sequaintances are respectfully requested to attend the funeral in the fire of the family are invited to attend the funeral and sequaintances are respectfully requested to attend the funeral this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 87 West Twenty fourth street.

McDecald—On Tuesday, January 29, of congestion of the basis of congestion of the congestion of the